

(Scottish universities benefitting from the favourable tariff conversion for Scottish secondary qualifications). The top 10 features most of the same universities this year as last, such as Glasgow Caledonian and Liverpool John Moores, each occupying the same rank for the second year running. Surrey, also commonly found in the upper reaches of our table, is fourth this year.

Arts University, Bournemouth – in 20th place overall – has the top rates of student satisfaction with teaching quality, followed by Central Lancashire (27th) and Lincoln (7th), while for students' evaluation of the wider experience Lincoln leads the field. Conversely, students at Staffordshire expressed the lowest rates of satisfaction with both teaching quality and the wider experience, our National Student Survey analysis shows. The top career destinations were found at Winchester when the latest Graduate Outcomes survey took its census 15 months on from degrees, by which point 74.1% of the university's graduates in the subjects were in high-skilled jobs and/or further study.

As a whole, though, the subjects have moved up seven places in our employment ranking, to 61st out of 70 areas. The subject area continues to be held back in our ranking by the high proportion (36.7%) of graduates working in jobs classified as "low-skilled". Salaries compare better: with hospitality, leisure, recreation and tourism ranked =53rd out of 70, based on average graduate salaries of £24,000.

### Hospitality, Leisure, Recreation and Tourism

	Teaching quality %	Student experience %	Research quality %	Entry standards (UCAS points)	Graduate prospects %	Overall score
1 Birmingham	81.3	68.8	73.2	161	—	100
2 Glasgow Caledonian	85.1	80.9	38.5	164	68.5	95.8
3 Liverpool John Moores	86.9	85.6	60.8	140	62.6	95.3
4 Surrey	86.5	87.8	57	137	65.2	95.2
5 Edinburgh	78.4	79.6	55	163	61.5*	94.9
6 Manchester Metropolitan	88.2	86.3	42.8	132	65	92.4
7 Lincoln	93	91.4	30.8	127	66.7	91.8
8 Edinburgh Napier	88.9	87.3	23.5	147	63.8	91.4
9 Brighton	85.8	82.4	45.5	112	73.6	91.3
10 Leeds Beckett	86	83.8	49.2	106	71.1	90.7
11 Winchester	89.9	84.7	20.8	122	74.1	90
12 Ulster	91.9	91.4	45.8	125	51.2	89.9
13 Chester	88.6	86.4	25.2	130	64.8	89.5
14 Falmouth	92.3	84.3	48.8	119	52.2	89.2
15 Sheffield Hallam	81.3	76.4	45.2	115	69.4	89.1
16 Cardiff Metropolitan	78.5	76	43.8	121	65.4	88.1
=17 Northumbria	82.2	87.2	28.2	142	54.2*	87.7
=17 Essex	92.1	86	32.5	110	—	87.7
19 Bournemouth	78.4	75.6	41.8	120	65.3	87.5
20 Arts University, Bournemouth	94.9	90.2	23	112	—	87.4
21 Coventry	89.1	87.5	24.8	122	59.7	87.3
22 Canterbury Christ Church	87.9	84.2	38	102	64.7	87.2
23 West of Scotland	90.9	85.2	29	—	54.8	87.1
24 Westminster	77.3	78.7	37.5	127	—	86.5
25 Robert Gordon	91.3	86	—	141	60	86.4
26 London South Bank	84.2	73.7	32.2	108	66.7	85.9
27 Central Lancashire	93.3	91.2	19.2	128	45.7	85.1

28 Oxford Brookes	84.2	83.1	—	120	73.8	85
=29 West London	90.5	90.1	24.2	121	47.7	84.8
=29 Birmingham City	87.9	80.6	—	125	67.7	84.8
31 Huddersfield	79.8	83.3	23.2	133	53.7*	84.7
32 West of England	86.1	83.2	—	120	68.3	84.2
33 Plymouth	74.8	72.5	28.7	128	59.4	84.1
34 Gloucestershire	75.5	70.3	24.5	118	67.6	84
35 Solent, Southampton	80.3	76.5	18.5	117	64.6	83.8
36 Buckinghamshire New	80.2	70.8	22.8	108	66.9	83.3
37 Anglia Ruskin	78.9	77.4	18.5	—	63.5	83.2
38 Sunderland	90	87.4	22	118	42	82.3
39 Hertfordshire	78.9	74.6	29	104	60	82.2
=40 East London	90.8	89.1	—	92	68.8	82.1
=40 Wales Trinity St David	90.1	86.5	—	130	49.3	82.1
42 Northampton	83.5	77.7	13.2	116	56.6	81.8
=43 Derby	88.4	81	—	122	54.7	81.4
=43 York St John	75	73.5	27.5	117	—	81.4
=45 Greenwich	85	84.8	—	120	53.5	80.6
=45 Queen Margaret, Edinburgh	72.6	70.9	—	143	57.9	80.6
47 Bedfordshire	86.8	83.2	22	—	34.4	77.6
48 Chichester	70.6	62.8	33.2	103	—	77.3
49 Staffordshire	68.7	59.3	—	115	63.9	76.4

Employed in high-skilled job	45%	Employed in lower-skilled job	37%
Employed in high-skilled job and studying	2%	Employed in lower-skilled job and studying	1%
Studying	4%	Unemployed	6%
High-skilled work (median) salary	£25,000	Low-/medium-skilled salary	£21,300

## Iberian Languages

Cambridge swaps places with St Andrews to take the lead in our new Iberian Languages table. They lead a ranking which is accustomed to fluctuations due to the small student numbers the languages of Spanish and Portuguese attract. Lancaster is up ten places to rank third while University College London is down ten places to sit 14th, for instance. Just three of the 34 institutions listed are post-1992 universities and entry standards tend to be high: at 23 out of the 24 universities tabled entrants averaged over 144 UCAS points (equal to three As at A level). Cambridge benefits from strong performance across all five measures – including the top graduate prospects and second-best teaching quality score – derived from our National Student Survey analysis. Sheffield (20th overall) does even better for student satisfaction, topping the table for teaching quality, while Reading (seventh) is in front for students' evaluation of the broad experience.

York (in =9th place overall) achieved the top results in the subjects in the Research Excellence Framework 2021 while Strathclyde (29th overall) is out in front for graduate prospects, with more than nine in 10 (91.2%) employed in high-skilled jobs or further study 15 months after their degrees.

The Iberian languages sit 46th in our 70-subject employment ranking this year, down from 38th, with six in ten (61.9%) graduates in high-skilled jobs and/or further study within 15 months of graduating. Average early careers salaries of £26,000 rank the subjects in the upper half of our pay index, at =28th.

"Studying Iberian languages (the languages of Spain and/or Portugal) allows students to communicate fluently in two major global languages, which means graduates can work across